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(P. geniculatum) occurs among the cells of the cortical layer of species of Laminaria, and is also referred to the Chroolepidae. In the same paper a new Ulvella (U. prostrata) is described, which is epiphytic on Iridaea laminarioides.—J. M. C.

Insect galls of Michigan.—Cook<sup>21</sup> has published a list of 59 species of insect galls from Michigan, 31 of them being new to the state. It includes representatives from all the orders of insects that contain gall-makers except the Coleoptera. As there are about 1200 known insect galls in North America, this list of 59 is only a beginning for the state of Michigan.—J. M. C.

Suspensor in Helminthostachys.—Lang<sup>22</sup> has discovered that *Helminthostachys* possesses a massive suspensor closely resembling that of *Botrychium obliquum* described by Lyon. Since Campbell has recorded the same structure in *Danaea*, it is becoming evident that a suspensor among pteridophytes is not a peculiarity of the Lycopodiales.—J. M. C.

Two embryo sacs in Fritillaria.—Lechmere<sup>23</sup> has added *Fritillaria* to the short list of monocotyledons that occasionally develop two megaspore mother cells in an ovule. In this case (*F. messanensis*) the two enlarged mother cells are figured as lying side by side, in immediate contact, both nuclei being in the synapsis stage.—J. M. C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> COOK, MEL T., The insect galls of Michigan. Mich. Geol. and Biol. Survey, Publ. 1, Biol. Ser. 1. pp. 23–33. 1910.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Lang, William H., On a suspensor in *Helminthostachya zeylanica*. Annals of Botany **24**:611. 1910.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> LECHMERE, A. ECKLEY, Two embryo sac mother cells in the ovule of *Fritillaria*. New Phytol. 9:257-259. fig. 1. 1910.